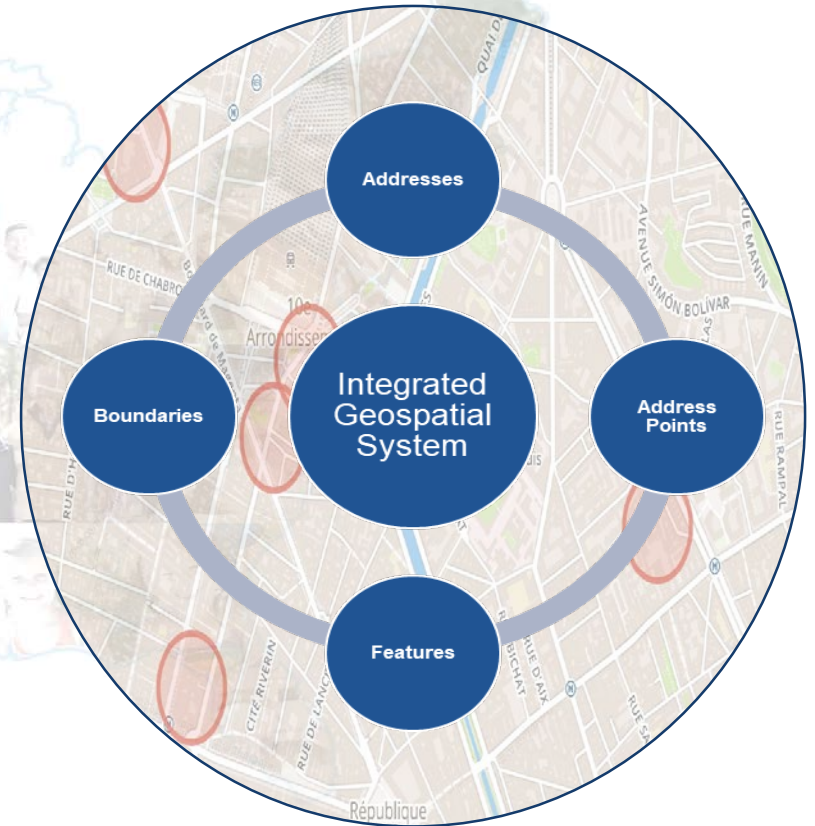


AutoCarto 2020

Geospatial Data Innovation at the
United States Census Bureau:
Where Next in Vision

November 17, 2020

Deirdre Dalpiaz Bishop
Chief, Geography Division



Shape
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Census
2020

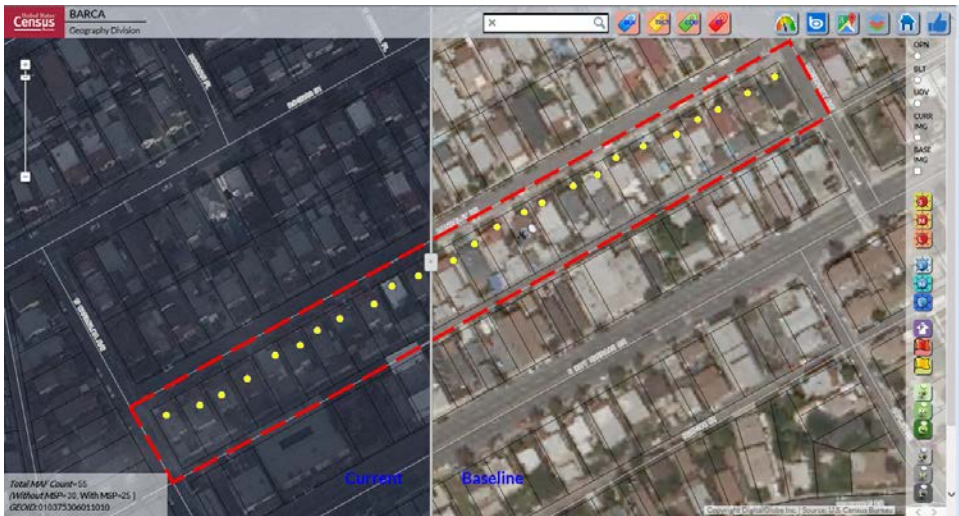
Where Have We Been? Working on the 2020 Census!

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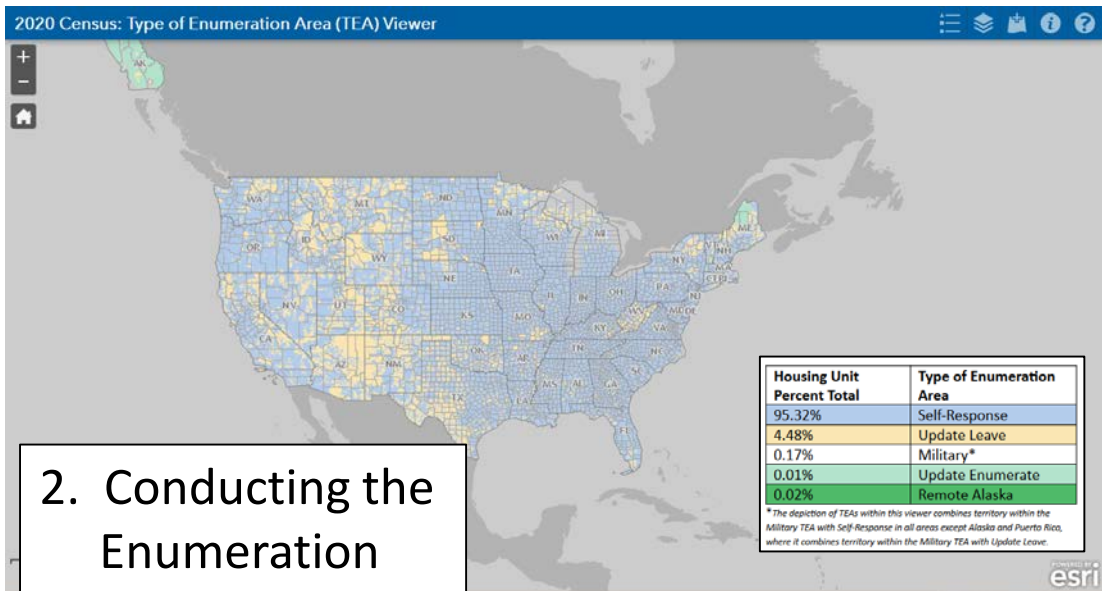
United States[®]
Census
2020

2020 Census

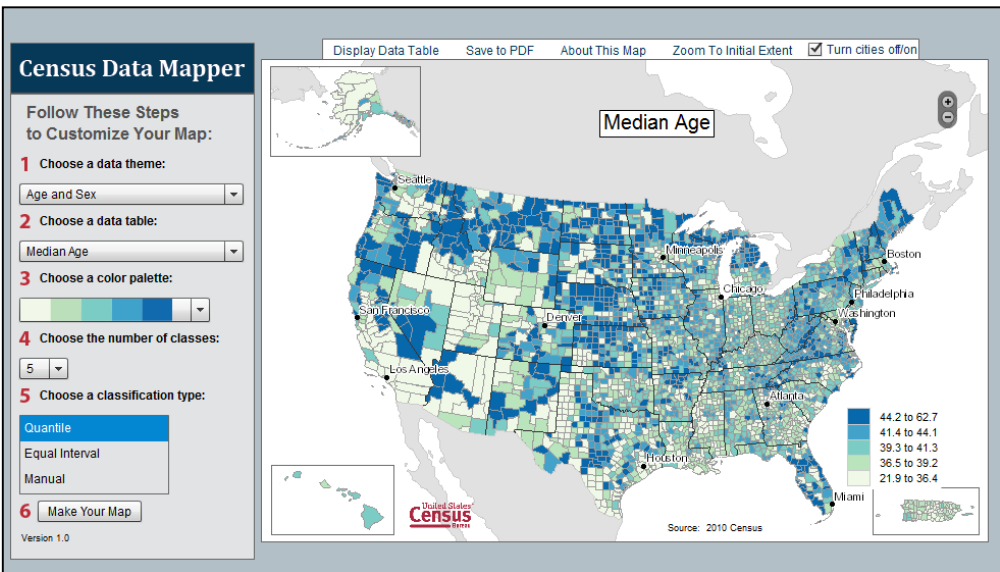
Geography is the Cornerstone of the Decennial Census



1. Establishing Where to Count



2. Conducting the Enumeration



3. Tabulating and Disseminating Results

2020 Census

Establish Where to Count - Address List Development

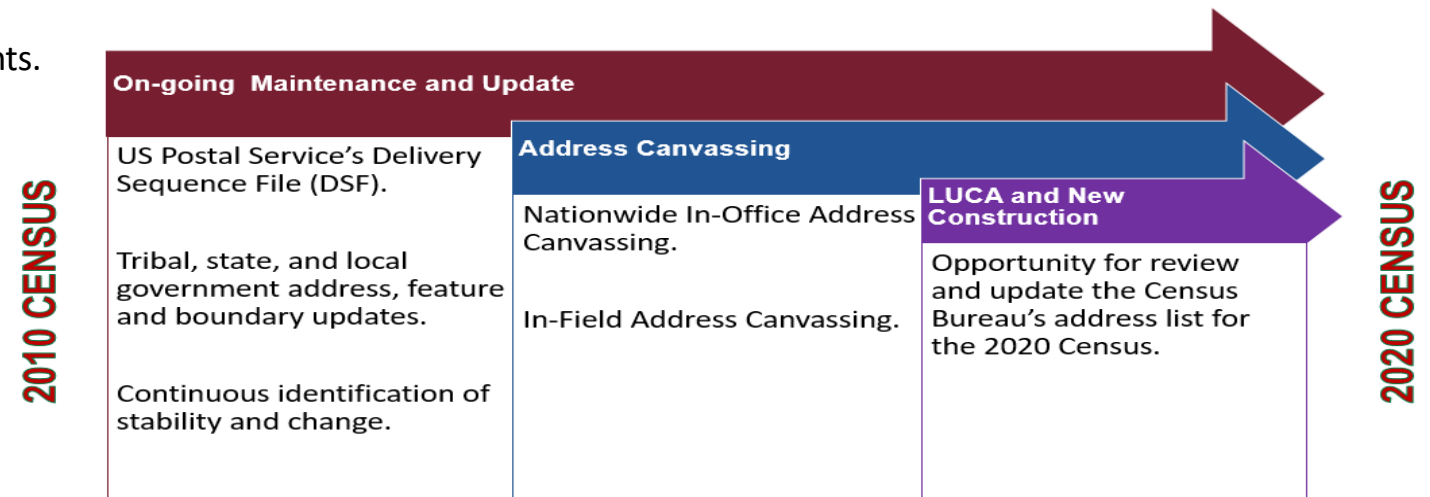
Development of the 2020 Census Master Address File (MAF) started with the 2010 Census Base and utilized a variety of authoritative address datasets to implement a multi-layered update process.

U.S. Postal Service (USPS) Delivery Sequence File (DSF)

- 5.9 million new addresses.
- 2.4 million residential addresses that were new to the DSF matched addresses already in the MAF.

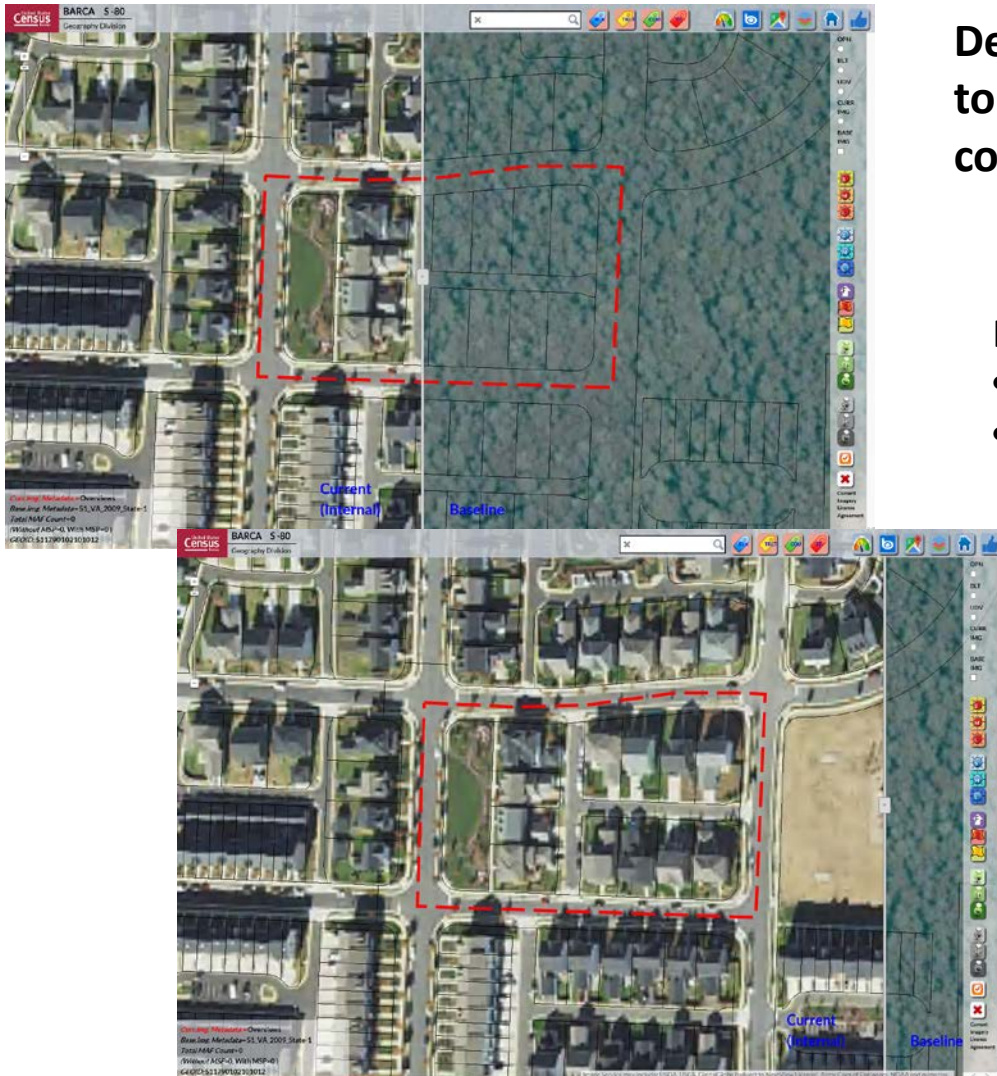
Geographic Partnership Programs

- Ongoing partnerships with tribal, state, and local governments.
 - 107 million addresses received.
 - 99.5 percent matched to the MAF.
 - Over 521,000 new addresses.
- Local Update of Census Addresses.
 - 22 million addresses received.
 - 81 percent matched to the MAF.
 - 3.4 million new addresses.
- New Construction.
 - 595,000 new addresses.



2020 Census

Establish Where to Count - Address Canvassing



Development for the 2020 Census MAF relied on imagery analysis to detect change and stability in the housing landscape, validate coverage, and identify where address updates were needed.

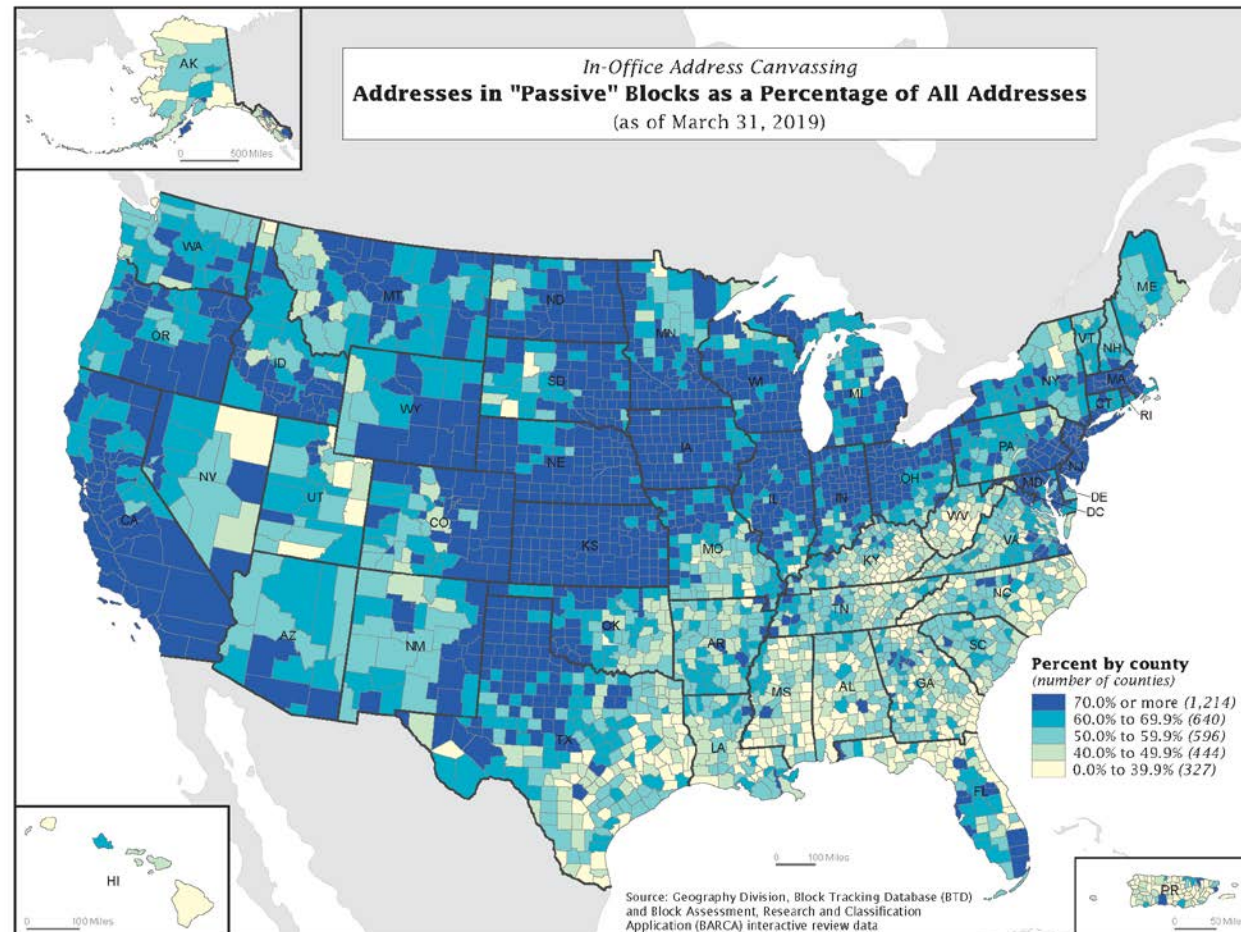
In-Office Address Canvassing

- Completed review of all 11,155,486 blocks in the U.S. in June 2017.
- Triggered blocks for re-review between June 2017 and March 2020 based on changes in partner-provided address datasets or in-office analysis of housing types and contexts.
 - Final Status (March 31, 2019):
 - Active: 1,093,488 blocks (9.8 percent).
 - Passive: 9,710,702 blocks (87.0 percent).
 - On Hold: 173,308 blocks (1.6 percent).
 - Triggered: 177,988 blocks (1.6 percent).

2020 Census

In-Office and In-Field Address Canvassing - Analysis of Results

In-Office Address Canvassing validated 65 percent of the nation's addresses.

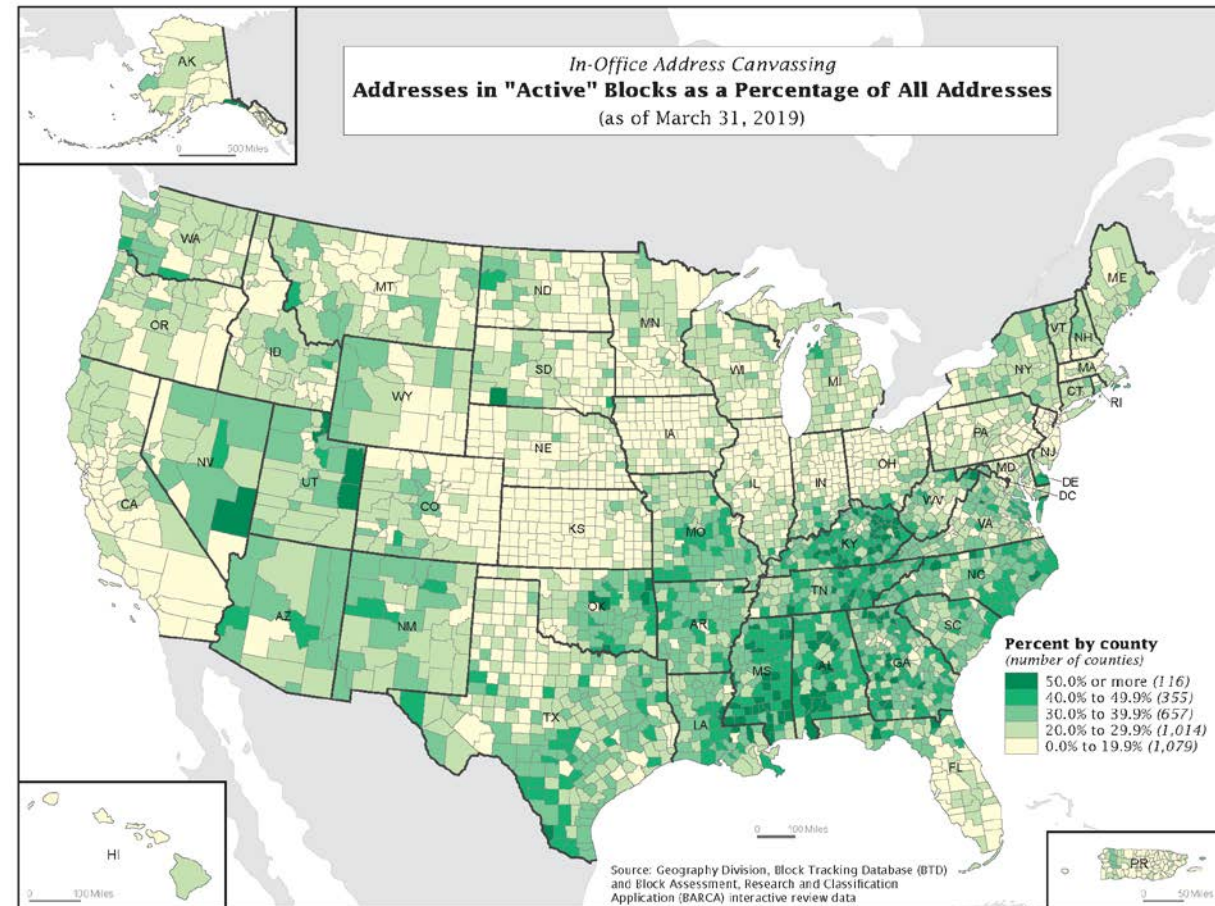


2020 Census

In-Office and In-Field Address Canvassing - Analysis of Results

In-Field Address Canvassing occurred from August to October 2019:

- 35 percent of the nation's addresses sent to the field for review, verification, or update.
- 88.2 percent were validated by field work.
- 2,688,190 new addresses identified (i.e., not on the original address list sent to the field).
- 1,553,275 (57.8 percent) matched to addresses added to the MAF through concurrent in-office processes.

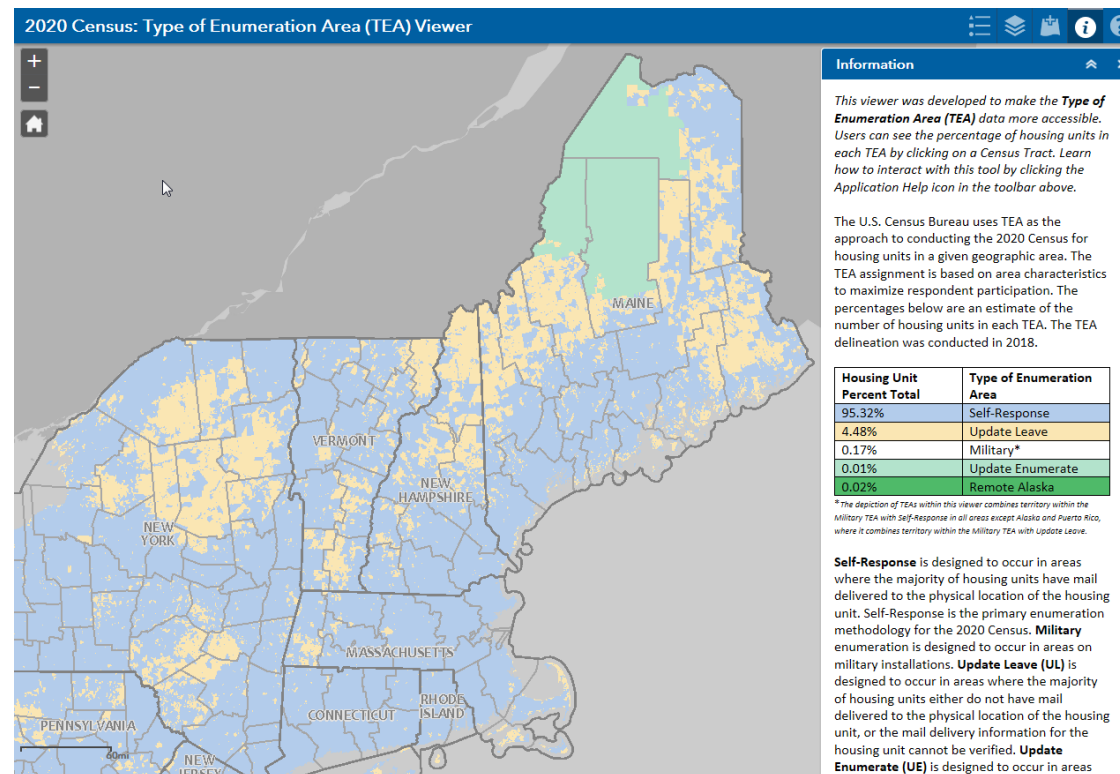


2020 Census

Where to Count Established

Address list development resulted in the 2020 Census enumeration universe.

- Approximately 152 million addresses.
- 95 percent received an invitation in the mail.
- 5 percent were hand delivered an invitation and/or the interview was completed at the door.



2020 Census

Conducting the Enumeration - Identifying Low-Response Neighborhoods and Encouraging Participation

Legend

Low Response Score by 2016 Census Tract

State (or state equivalent) Layer

State (or state equivalent) Boundary

County (or county equivalent) Layer

County (or county equivalent) Boundary

Predicted Mail Non-Response Rate (%)

Low Response Score by 2016 Census Tract (2018 Planning Database)

30.0 to 49.1

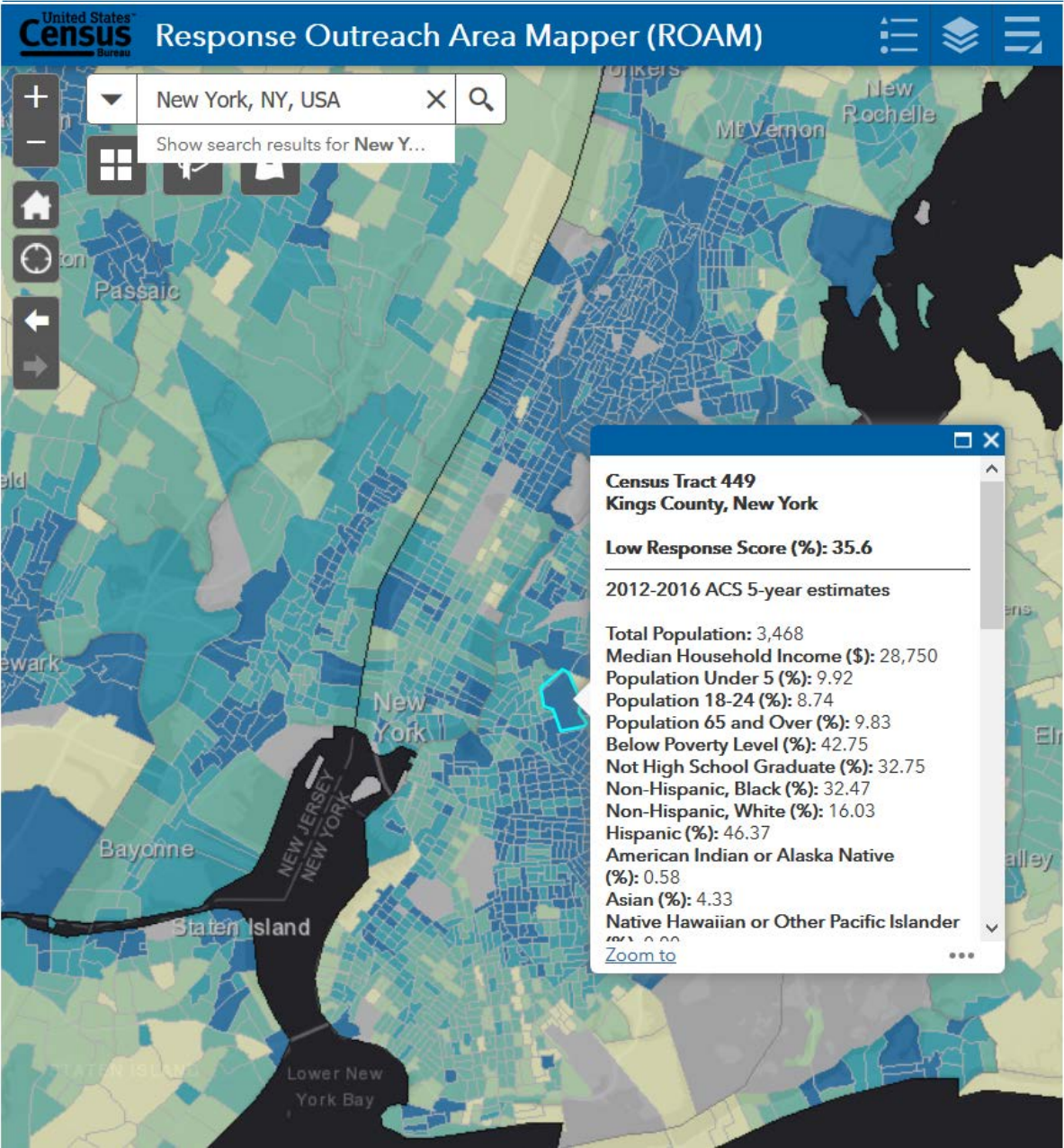
25.0 to 29.9

20.0 to 24.9

16.0 to 19.9

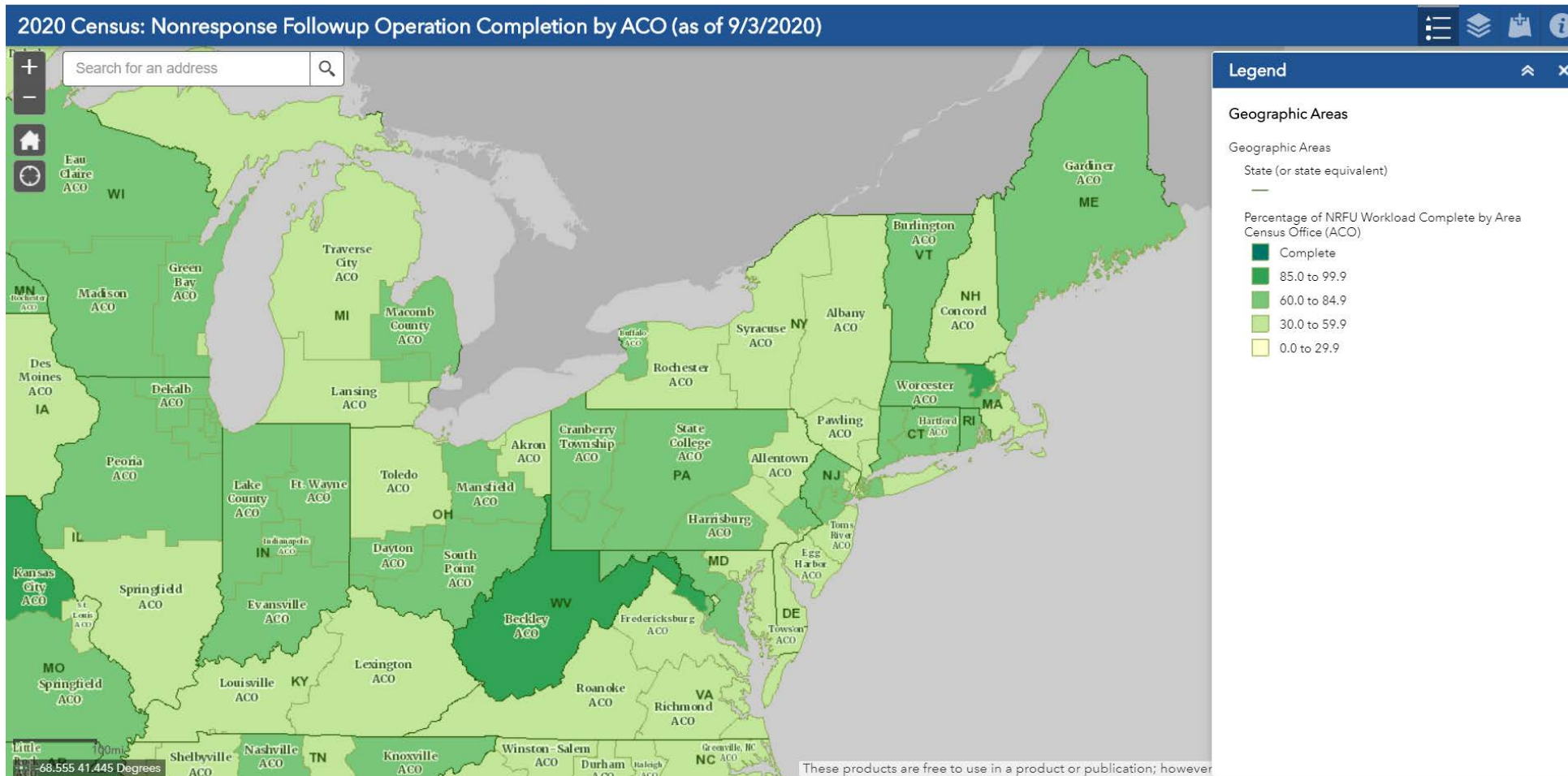
0.0 to 15.9

Not Calculated



2020 Census

Conducting Nonresponse Followup



<https://gis-portal.data.census.gov/arcgis/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=771cf5999c6a4611acb397a3a342e0b0>

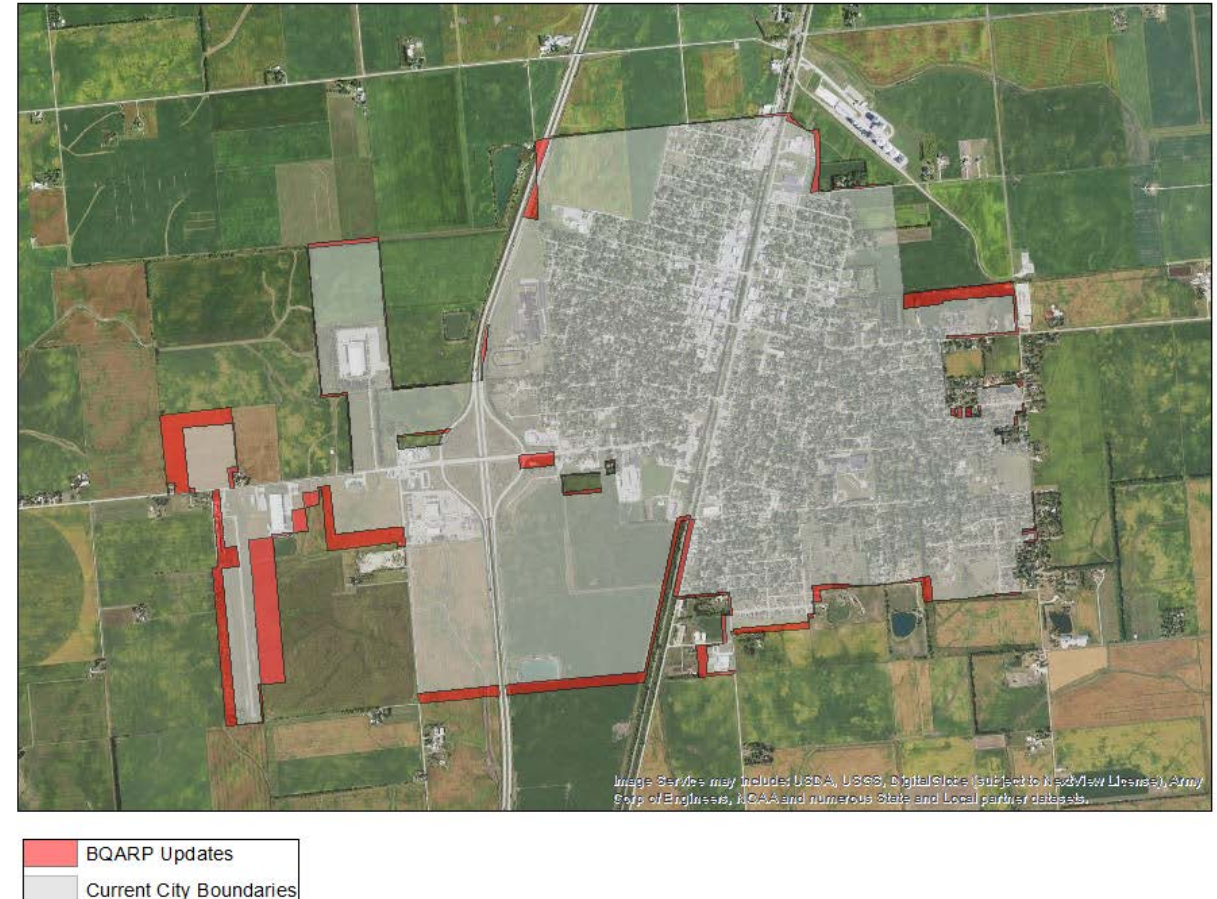
2020 Census Tabulation and Dissemination

Accurate data require accurate boundaries for geographic areas.

Through the Boundary Quality Assurance and Reconciliation Project (BQARP), we corrected misalignment of boundaries for cities, towns, and other governmental entities in the TIGER data base using parcel data and other geospatial data sources.

Over 260,000 realignments have been made since the program began in 2015.

BQARP Updates in Ford County, Colorado



Where Do We Go Next? Vision for the Future!

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Vision for the Future

Enables Continuous Updates

People

Process

Technology

2010



Largest workforce in history leveraged to canvas the U.S. and Puerto Rico



In-person verification and update of 156 million records; Collected GPS points **in person**; processed **address data** from USPS and realigned all roads



Field Data Collection Automation (FDCA) limits functionality to **addresses and features** for canvassing

2020



Reengineered field operations include **more automation and remote activities**, which reduced the number of field workers

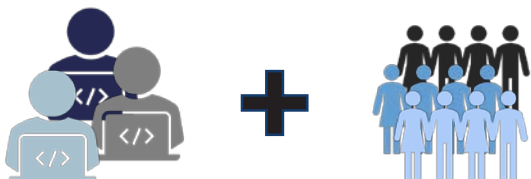


In-Office Address Canvassing improves efficiency; deeper utilization of partner-provided address and spatial data to make MAF/TIGER updates more accurate and frequent

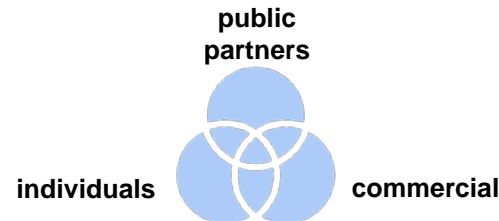


Listing and Mapping Application (LiMA) increases functionality to enable enumerators to capture data on tablets, on-the-spot

2030



Optimization of workforce allows GEO to focus on strategic innovation initiatives with increased enterprise-level impacts



Less restrictive validation with higher accuracy through individuals and public partnerships; commercial sources may fill gaps in federal, tribal, state and local sources



Enlist broader support to reduce cost of custom engineering and elevate functionality that also meets GEO standards

Vision for the Future

Enables Continuous Updates

CORNERSTONES

Boundaries



Governmental unit boundaries for the nation, statistical areas

Addresses



Addresses for the nation, geocoding services

Features



Roads for the nation, product integration

Imagery



Sourced from federal, tribal, state, and local providers

Partnerships



Outreach and collaboration, data sharing

Expertise/Leadership



Expertise shared across international and domestic domains

Vision for the Future

Six Cornerstones

Looking Ahead

Addresses

- ❖ Continue Delivery Sequence File (DSF) Refresh
- ❖ Start continual In-Office Address Canvassing
- ❖ Conduct on-going updates for:
 - Non-residential addresses
 - Group quarters
 - Military housing
 - Transient locations
 - Island Areas
- ❖ Continue leadership on the Puerto Rico Address Data Working Group to improve address and geolocation data for Puerto Rico
- ❖ Explore greater contributions to the National Address Database

Features

- ❖ Identify where feature changes are occurring on the landscape and acquire appropriate source material to enable these updates within our system, products, and services
- ❖ Continue on-going road feature update within our system, products, and services
- ❖ Improve representation and spatial quality of non-road features (hydrographic, rail, etc.) within our system, products, and services

Vision for the Future

Six Cornerstones

Looking Ahead

Boundaries

- ❖ Continue national Boundary and Annexation Survey (BAS), with annual nonresponse follow up
- ❖ Ongoing update of School District boundaries
- ❖ Continue leadership of the National Boundary Group
- ❖ Continued coordination of agencies to integrate national and international boundaries
- ❖ Consider the possibility of intercensal update of statistical geographic areas
- ❖ Assess need for new types of geographic areas for data tabulation (e.g., gridded data) as well as changes to concepts to keep pace with needs of analysts and policy makers (e.g., settlement classifications such as urban, suburban, rural, exurban)

Imagery

- ❖ Continue use of satellite and aerial imagery for change detection and system update
- ❖ Expand imagery expertise within the Census Bureau and integration of imagery with existing products and services
- ❖ Explore integration of other remote sensing sources, such as LiDAR, into change detection and system update
- ❖ Continue to advocate for open access to national satellite and aerial imagery sources within the federal community

Vision for the Future

Six Cornerstones

Looking Ahead

Leadership

- ❖ Provide geospatial subject matter and policy leadership in engagements with partners, and national and international organizations
- ❖ Expand staffing structure necessary to support these leadership positions and responsibilities

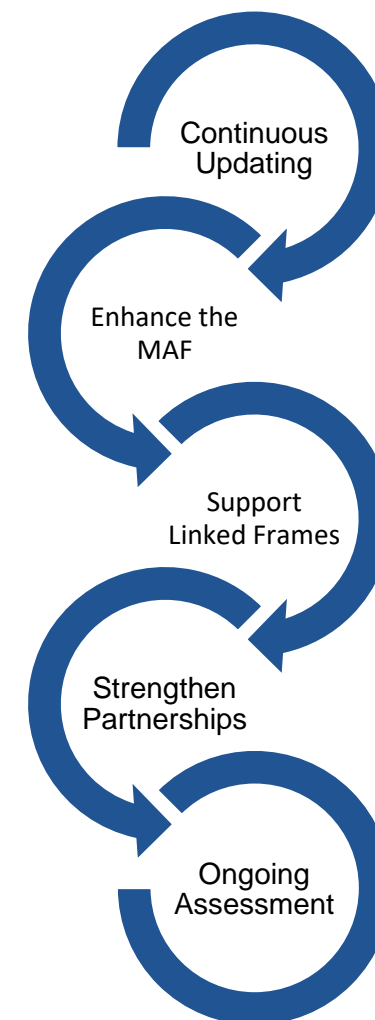
Partnership

- ❖ Maintain relationships with tribal, federal, state, and local governments
- ❖ Explore mechanisms for more efficiently sharing data amongst these organizations

Vision for the Future

Geographic Support Program of the Future

- Continuous updating of addresses, features, and boundaries through the decade.
 - ❖ Identify and utilize the best data sources and methods based on need and context.
- Enhance the MAF to be a compendium of all addresses – residential, non-residential, and mixed use—needed to support all areas of the Census Bureau.
- Support the vision for efficient linking of the Census Bureau’s foundational datasets to maximize integration and enterprise-wide use of our rich array of data assets:
 - ❖ Geospatial Frame
 - ❖ Business Frame
 - ❖ Job Frame
 - ❖ Demographic Frame
- Strengthen partnerships at all levels of government as well as with other sectors and organizations.
- Ongoing assessment of utility and relevance of data objects, attributes, and concepts.
 - Utilize data science methods to measure quality and coverage, plan and coordinate update processes, and evaluate our effectiveness.



Creating an Integrated and linked Infrastructure to Modernize the Census Bureau's Statistical Foundation



Thank You

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